Ridhwan Maulana Nuraldi, 11322017, **Pengaruh Kualitas Sistem Informasi Akuntansi Terhadap Kepuasan PenggunaSistem Informasi Akuntansi,** Akuntansi, Fakultas Ekonomi dan Bisnis, Universitas Muhammadiyah Gresik, Juli 2017.

ABSTRAKSI

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mencari bukti empiris tentang Pengaruh Kualitas Sistem Informasi Akuntansi Terhadap Kepuasan PenggunaSistem Informasi Akuntansi.Dalam penelitian ini variabel dependen adalah Kepuasan PenggunaSistem Informasi Akuntansi kemudian variabel independennya adalah *Reliability*, *Ease Of Use*,*Flexibility*,dan *Functionality*.Kemudian data dalam penelitian ini di analisis menggunakan regresi linear berganda. Hasil analisis faktor secara keseluruhan memenuhi kriteria kecukupan datayang valid. Ketiga hipotesis diterima yaitu: (1) Ease of Use terbukti mempunyai pengaruh terhadap Kepuasan pengguna sistem informasi akuntansi, (2) Flexibility terbukti mempunyai pengaruh terhadap Kepuasan pengguna sistem informasi akuntansi. (3) Functionality terbukti mempunyai pengaruh terhadap Kepuasan pengguna sistem informasi akuntansi.Darihasil pengujian hipotesis tersebut, maka dapat dirumuskan beberapa rekomendasiperbaikan yang berupa implikasi manajerial sebagai langkahpeningkatan kualitas sistem informasinya.

Kata kunci : Kualitas Sistem, Kepuasan Pengguna, Sistem informasi.

Ridhwan Maulana Nuraldi, 11322017**, The Effect of Quality of Accounting Information Systems Towards User Satisfaction of Accounting Information Systems**, Accounting, Faculty of Economics and Bussiness, University of Muhammadiyah Gresik, in July 2017.

ABSTRACTION

This research aimed to find an empirical evidence The Effect of Quality of Accounting Information Systems Towards User Satisfaction of Accounting Information Systems. In this research, the dependen variabel is User Satisfaction of Accounting Information Systems. The independent variables areReliability, Ease Of Use, Flexibility, dan Functionality. Multiple regression used to analyze the data in this research. Theresultsof the factor analysis as a whole meets the criteria of sufficiency of data that is valid. From the data analysis, it appears that the three hypothesis is accepted, namely: (1) Ease Of Useof Accounting Information Systemsfound to have a significant influence on the User Satisfaction of Accounting Information Systems, (2) Flexibilityof Accounting Information Systemsfound to have a significant influence on the User Satisfaction of Accounting Information Systems. (3) Functionalityof Accounting Information Systemsfound to have a significant influence on the User Satisfaction of Accounting Information Systems. From the results of testing the hypothesis, it can be formulated several recommendations for improvements in the form of managerial implicationsas a step to improve the Quality of Accounting Information Systems.

Keywords: System Quality, User Satisfaction, Information system.