

ABSTRAK

HUBUNGAN KARAKTERISTIK ANAK DAN IBU DENGAN KEJADIAN *TEMPER TANTRUM* PADA ANAK USIA PRASEKOLAH DI DESA PLANGGIRAN TANJUNG BUMI BANGKALAN

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Latar belakang : *Temper tantrum* adalah suatu perilaku yang termasuk bagian dari perkembangan emosi anak. Perkembangan emosi anak erat kaitannya dengan kondisi lingkungan keluarga terutama orang tua. Tujuan penelitian untuk mengetahui hubungan karakteristik anak dan ibu dengan kejadian *temper tantrum* pada anak usia prasekolah di Desa Planggiran Tanjung Bumi Bangkalan.

Metode : Analitik dengan menggunakan desain *cross sectional*. Populasi seluruh ibu dan anak usia prasekolah sebanyak 38, dan sampel sebanyak 35 ibu dan anak yang diambil dengan teknik *simple random sampling*. Analisis data menggunakan uji *contingency coefficient* dan *Fisher's exact test*.

Hasil : Karakteristik anak berdasarkan jenis kelamin sebagian besar adalah laki-laki (57,1%) sementara untuk karakteristik ibu berdasarkan umur sebagian besar berumur 17-25 tahun (54,3%) dan berdasarkan pekerjaan ibu sebagian besar tidak bekerja (51,4). Hasil uji *contingency coefficient* dari hubungan jenis kelamin anak dan kejadian *temper tantrum* diperoleh nilai $p=0,070$. Sementara dari hasil uji *Fisher's exact test* dari hubungan umur ibu dengan kejadian *temper tantrum* diperoleh nilai $p=0,026$ dan pada hubungan pekerjaan ibu dengan kejadian *temper tantrum* dieproleh nilai $p=0,013$.

Kesimpulan : Ada hubungan pola asuh orang tua dengan kejadian *temper tantrum* pada anak usia prasekolah di Desa Planggiran Tanjung Bumi Bangkalan.

Kata kunci : usia prasekolah, karakteristik, *temper tantrum*

ABSTRACT

THE CORRELATION BETWEEN CHILD AND MOTHER'S CHARACTERISTICS WITH INCIDENCE OF TEMPER TANTRUM IN PRESCHOOL AGED CHILDREN IN TANJUNG BUMI BANGKALAN

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Background: Temper tantrum is a behavior includes the part of the child's emotional development. The development of the child's emotions are closely related to environmental conditions of families especially parents. The purpose of the study to find out the characteristics of the child and the mother's relationship with his temper tantrum in preschool-aged children in the village of Planggiran Tanjung Bumi Bangkalan.

Methods: Analytic using a cross sectional design. Entire population of preschool age children and mother as many as 38, and a sample of as much as 35 mothers and children taken with simple random sampling technique. Data analysis using the test's and Fisher's exact contingency test.

Results: Characteristics of children based on gender are predominantly male (57.1%) While for the characteristics of the mother based on age of majority age of 17-25 years (54.3%) and based on the work of the majority of mothers do not work (51.4). Test results of the relationship's contingency gender and Genesis temper tantrum earned value $p = 0,070$. While Fisher's exact test results from a test of the relationship age mom with Genesis temper tantrum earned value $p = 0,026$ and on the relationship of work mother with Genesis temper tantrum dieproleh value $p = 0,013$.

Conclusion: There is a connection parenting parents with his temper tantrum in preschool-aged children in the village of Planggiran the Earth Promontory Bangkalan.

Keywords: preschool age, characteristics, temper tantrum